Most Confused Words

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A lot – a large quantity Accept – to receive		Allot, v. – to give out a specific amount Except – with the exception of
Advice, n. – counsel Affect, v. – to have an impact on	Vs.	Advise, v to give advice Effect, n an impact
Allude – make a reference to	Vs.	Elude – to evade, be unable to be caught
Allusion – a reference Cite – attribute Device, n. – a machine Lay – followed by a noun, e.g. He lay the book down on the table. Perspective – point of view	Vs.	Illusion – something not real Site – location, Sight – the ability to see Devise, v. – to come up with Lie – not followed by a noun, e.g. He lies down every evening after dinner. Prospective – possible or potential, e.g. a prospective student
Precede - come before (pre=before)	Vs.	Proceed - to move along
Than – used for comparisons	Vs.	Then – next; used to indicate sequence of events
To – indicates direction, e.g. she went <u>to</u> we	۷s.	Too - also

In addition, know the following:

Access vs. Excess

- Could, should, would, might have, NOT could, should, would, might of
- Supposed, used to, NOT suppose, use to

Other commonly confused words that could potentially be tested:

Addition vs. Edition Adopt vs. Adapt Afflict vs. Inflict Anecdote vs. Antidote Assent vs. Ascent Assure vs. Ensure Averse vs. Adverse Collaborate vs. Corroborate Conscious vs. Conscience Council vs. Counsel Descent vs. Dissent Elicit vs. Illicit Emit vs. Omit Imply vs. Infer Ingenious vs. Ingenuous Precedent vs. President Principal vs. Principle Respective vs. Respectful vs. Respected Simulate vs. Stimulate Their vs. They're vs. There



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